

Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence

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Answer the following questions identifying the key aspects and try not to exceed the 1.5 page limit per question.

- Use only the 3 sheets provided by the teacher
- Write your answers on different sheets according to the question
- Write your name and Student ID on each sheet you turn in
- English is the official language, however Italian is allowed
- Either pen and pencil are allowed
- · No other mean to support yourself is allowed

In case you have special needs (e.g., being graded within a given time) please write it on top of your assignment and *tell it to the teacher!*.

Question 1: Linear Classification (Answer on sheet 1)

Describe the Decision Tree classification method; in particular:

- 1. The model used for classification
- 2. The algorithm (in details) to build such model from data
- 3. The issue of overfitting in Decision Trees and the ways to reduce it
- 4. Why should we turn a Decision Tree into a rule set? How can we do it?
- 5. How does the chi squared independency test work? How can it be used to post-prune a decision tree?

Question 2: Cross-Validation and Overfitting (Answer on sheet 1)

What do we mean by model assessment? And what aboutmodel selection? What is the Bias-Variance decomposition and how it is related to model complexity? What are cross-validation and k-fold cross-validation?

Question 3: Clustering (Answer on sheet 2)

Hierarchical clustering is not a single algorithm but rather a family of different clustering algorithms. Explain:

- 1. how this family is composed
- 2. how these algorithms work
- 3. what different metrics exist to measure the distance between clusters
- 4. when is a hierarchical algorithm preferrable with respect to another one such as K-Means and when is it not?

Question 4: Regression (Answer on sheet 3)

Let $X^T = (X_1, X_2, ..., X_p)$ an input vector and Y a real-valued vector

1. Write the form of the linear regression model (0.5 points over 8)

Let $(x_1, y_1), ..., (x_N, y_N)$ a training set

- 2. write the least squares formula, i.e., the residual sum of squares as a function of $hat\{\beta\}$ (0.5 points over 8)
- 3. from the formula of residual sum of squares derive mathematically the solution for $hat\{\beta\}$. Use matrix notation, where X is the $hat\{\beta\}$ matrix of the input vectors and Y the $hat\{\beta\}$ had Y the Y-dimensional vector of outputs. (2 points over 8)
- 4. write the formula of $hat\{y\}$, the prediction of y given by the the linear regression model (0.5 points over 8)

Consider now the univariate case, when p=1, with no intercept

5. write the formula for $hat\{\beta_1\}$ and the residuals (1 points over 8)

Consider now the univariate case, when p=1, with an intercept

6. write the formula for $\hat{\beta}_1$ and interpret it in terms of orthogonalization and regression (1 points over 8)

Suppose next that the the inputs $x_1, x_2, ..., x_p$ are orthogonal

- 7. write formula for $hat\{\beta_i\}$, with $1 \le j \le p$ (0.5 points over 8)
- 8. describe the pseudo code of the regression by successive orthogonalization (2 points over 8)